# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2018

San Diego
Los Angeles
San Francisco
Bay Area



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# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Notes 1 and 10 to the financial statements, in 2018 Compton Unified School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

histy White Associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2018 on our consideration of Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. . The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 14, 2018

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **INTRODUCTION**

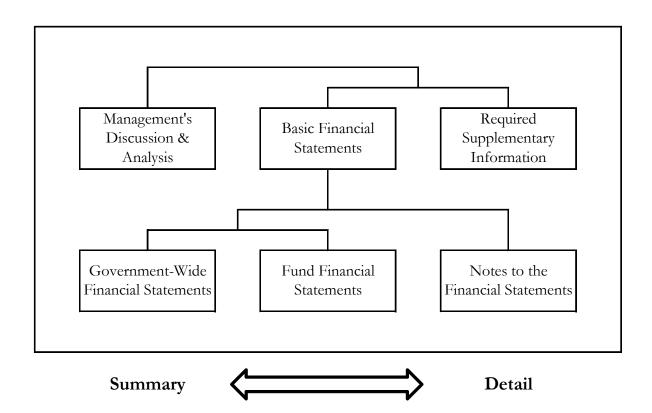
Our discussion and analysis of Compton Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$26,697,799 at June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of \$7,014,871 from the prior year after restatement.
- Overall revenues were \$308,494,210 which were exceeded by expenses of \$315,509,081.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Components of the Financials Section



This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- **Fund financial statements** focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - Governmental Funds provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
  - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$26,697,799 at June 30, 2018, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(261,013,166) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities						
		2018	2017	Net Change			
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$	158,443,043	\$ 173,955,504	\$ (15,512,461)			
Capital assets		319,171,901	320,714,215	(1,542,314)			
Total Assets		477,614,944	494,669,719	(17,054,775)			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		100,509,493	77,668,912	22,840,581			
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities		106,183,692	95,933,736	10,249,956			
Long-term liabilities		380,788,216	343,512,025	37,276,191			
Total Liabilities		486,971,908	439,445,761	47,526,147			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		64,454,730	51,837,354	12,617,376			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		269,855,769	261,372,073	8,483,696			
Restricted		17,855,196	20,855,378	(3,000,182)			
Unrestricted		(261,013,166)	(201,171,935)	(59,841,231)			
Total Net Position	\$	26,697,799	\$ 81,055,516	\$ (54,357,717)			

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

## **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The following table takes the information from the Statement and rearranges slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities						
	2018	Net Change					
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 2,505	\$ \$ 6,775	\$ (4,270)				
Operating grants and contributions	59,993,199	100,518,099	(40,524,900)				
General revenues							
Property taxes	51,780,626	47,659,277	4,121,349				
Unrestricted federal and state aid	190,088,225	193,119,296	(3,031,071)				
Other	6,629,655	4,707,440	1,922,215				
Total Revenues	308,494,210	346,010,887	(37,516,677)				
EXPENSES							
Instruction	171,512,364	181,672,037	(10,159,673)				
Instruction-related services	29,855,213	25,664,888	4,190,325				
Pupil services	38,104,161	37,572,291	531,870				
General administration	22,384,956	25,940,889	(3,555,933)				
Plant services	36,964,434	30,218,324	6,746,110				
Ancillary and community services	1,518,875	1,336,925	181,950				
Debt service	3,304,684	4,376,675	(1,071,991)				
Other outgo	131,617	307,503	(175,886)				
Depreciation	11,705,709	10,005,788	1,699,921				
Enterprise activities	27,068	3,949	23,119				
<b>Total Expenses</b>	315,509,081	317,099,269	(1,590,188)				
Change in net position	(7,014,871	) 28,911,618	(35,926,489)				
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated*	33,712,670	52,143,898	(18,431,228)				
Net Position - Ending	\$ 26,697,799	\$ 81,055,516	\$ (54,357,717)				

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning Net Position was restated for the 2018 year only

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$315,509,081 but the net cost of services was only \$255,513,377. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$51,780,626 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

	Net Cost of Services						
		2018	2017				
Instruction	\$	135,588,723	\$	108,398,805			
Instruction-related services		22,156,817		18,914,298			
Pupil services		23,872,444		18,986,865			
General administration		20,652,902		24,581,966			
Plant services		36,580,426		29,702,757			
Ancillary and community services		1,512,108		1,299,114			
Debt service		3,304,684		4,376,675			
Other outgo		112,496		307,503			
Depreciation		11,705,709		10,005,788			
Enterprise activities		27,068		624			
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$	255,513,377	\$	216,574,395			

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$78,533,897, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$94,002,255. The District's General Fund had \$8,709,719 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's Building Fund had \$2,797,155 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2017-2018**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a frequent basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2017-2018 the District had invested \$319,171,901 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities							
	2018 2017			2017	Net Change			
CAPITAL ASSETS						_		
Land	\$	8,494,776	\$	6,693,026	\$	1,801,750		
Construction in progress		1,499,152		208,944		1,290,208		
Land improvements		39,382,737		34,686,782		4,695,955		
Buildings & improvements		421,919,986		420,476,747		1,443,239		
Furniture & equipment		22,938,061		22,005,818		932,243		
Accumulated depreciation		(175,062,811)	(	(163,357,102)		(11,705,709)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	319,171,901	\$	320,714,215	\$	(1,542,314)		

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the District had \$380,788,216 in long-term debt, an increase of 1% from last year's restated balance – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities								
		2018	2017	N	let Change				
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES									
Total general obligation bonds	\$	65,310,345	\$ 77,313,469	\$	(12,003,124)				
Total certificates of participation		19,444,780	21,337,533		(1,892,753)				
Compensated absences		1,752,544	2,047,288		(294,744)				
Total OPEB liability*		55,803,023	56,050,003		(246,980)				
Net pension liability		254,612,565	235,970,403		18,642,162				
Less: current portion of long-term debt		(16,135,041)	(15,842,288)		(292,753)				
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	380,788,216	\$ 376,876,408	\$	3,911,808				
		•	•						

<sup>\*</sup>Total OPEB liability for 2017 was restated in order to record the District's total OPEB liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 which supersedes GASB Statement No. 45 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

The State's economy continues to be strong but a new governor could change the fiscal policy for the funding of public education, within the boundaries of Proposition 98. Past fiscal allocations had included higher than expected funding but on-going funding may not be as strong. The UCLA Anderson Forecast (June 2018) noted that the "era of ultra-low interest rates has passed and the economy is at full employment," which creates difficulty sustaining continued growth at the rate recently experienced. And, according to the California Legislative Analyst's Office, there are concerns about a possible mild recession.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth. The 2018-19 adopted State Budget fully funded the LCFF funding gap two years ahead of schedule.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans continue to raise employer rates in future years and the increased costs are significant.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2018-19 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Compton Unified School District, 501 South Santa Fe Avenue, Compton, CA 90221.

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	139,790,657			
Accounts receivable		17,448,988			
Inventory		258,599			
Prepaid expenses		944,799			
Capital assets, not depreciated		9,993,928			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		309,177,973			
Total Assets		477,614,944			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		97,983,363			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,374,630			
Deferred amount on refunding		1,151,500			
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		100,509,493			
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities		77,764,762			
Unearned revenue		2,187,459			
Claims liability		10,096,430			
Long-term liabilities, current portion		16,135,041			
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		380,788,216			
Total Liabilities		486,971,908			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		60,572,697			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		3,882,033			
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		64,454,730			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		269,855,769			
Restricted:		• •			
Capital projects		4,877,110			
Debt service		1,292,343			
Educational programs		11,630,538			
All others		55,205			
Unrestricted		(261,013,166)			
Total Net Position	\$	26,697,799			

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

							R	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in		
				Program	Reve	nues	Net Position			
Function/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	171,512,364	\$	-	\$	35,923,641	\$	(135,588,723)		
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		11,236,110		-		4,816,583		(6,419,527)		
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,841,278		-		196,663		(1,644,615)		
School site administration		16,777,825		-		2,685,150		(14,092,675)		
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		6,074,322		-		118,376		(5,955,946)		
Food services		16,072,830		-		12,129,789		(3,943,041)		
All other pupil services		15,957,009 - 1,983,552 1,913,838					(13,973,457)			
General administration										
Centralized data processing		1,913,838		-		-		(1,913,838)		
All other general administration		20,471,118		2,505		1,729,549		(18,739,064)		
Plant services		36,964,434		-		384,008		(36,580,426)		
Ancillary services		1,518,875		-		6,767		(1,512,108)		
Enterprise activities		27,068		-		-		(27,068)		
Interest on long-term debt		3,304,684		-		-		(3,304,684)		
Other outgo		131,617		-		19,121		(112,496)		
Depreciation (unallocated)		11,705,709		-		-		(11,705,709)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	315,509,081	\$	2,505	\$	59,993,199		(255,513,377)		
	Gen	eral revenues								
	Ta	xes and subven	tions	3						
	F	roperty taxes, l	eviec	d for general pur	poses	;		36,768,954		
	F	Property taxes, l	eviec	d for debt service	e			13,451,918		
	F	roperty taxes, l	eviec	d for other specif	ic pu	rposes		1,559,754		
				not restricted fo	_	=		190,088,225		
		terest and invest			•	1 1		2,066,593		
		iscellaneous		S				4,563,062		
	Sub	total, General R	levei	nue				248,498,506		
	CH	ANGE IN NET I	POSI	TION				(7,014,871)		
	Net	Position - Begin	nning	g, as Restated				33,712,670		
		Position - Endir		-			\$	26,697,799		

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

						Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	G	eneral Fund	В	uilding Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	95,235,723	\$	16,697,327	\$	13,054,867	\$	124,987,917
Accounts receivable		16,604,500		97,821		675,935		17,378,256
Stores inventory		193,717		-		64,882		258,599
Prepaid expenditures		908,079		-		35,100		943,179
Total Assets	\$	112,942,019	\$	16,795,148	\$	13,830,784	\$	143,567,951
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	59,903,137	\$	73	\$	2,943,385	\$	62,846,595
Unearned revenue	4	1,048,042	Ψ	-	4	1,139,417	4	2,187,459
Total Liabilities		60,951,179		73		4,082,802		65,034,054
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		2,208,123		-		99,982		2,308,105
Restricted		11,007,688		16,795,075		7,000,782		34,803,545
Committed		-		-		2,647,218		2,647,218
Assigned		28,492,216		-		-		28,492,216
Unassigned		10,282,813						10,282,813
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		51,990,840		16,795,075		9,747,982		78,533,897
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	112,942,019	\$	16,795,148	\$	13,830,784	\$	143,567,951

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	78,533,897
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital assets:			
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net			
position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated			
depreciation:			
Capital assets	\$ 494,234,712		
Accumulated depreciation	(175,062,811)	_	319,171,901
Deferred amount on refunding:			
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt			
is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-			
wide financial statements:			1,151,500
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:			
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the			
period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of			
activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional			
liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:			(153,274)
Long-term liabilities:			
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of			
net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-			
term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 65,310,345		
Total certificates of participation	19,444,780		
Compensated absences	1,752,544		
Total OPEB liability	55,803,023		
Net pension liability	254,612,565	_	(396,923,257)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:			
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to			
pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the			
statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to			
pensions are reported.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 97,983,363		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 (60,572,697)	_	37,410,666
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:			
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to			
OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the			
statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to			
OPEB are reported.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 1,374,630		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(3,882,033)	_	(2,507,403)
Internal service funds:			
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are			
charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service			
funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets,			
deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of			
internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement			
of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:			(9,986,231)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	26,697,799

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	G	eneral Fund	Building Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	216,047,893	\$ -	\$	3,667,083	\$	219,714,976
Federal sources		23,528,642	-		11,539,547		35,068,189
Other state sources		29,927,468	-		6,299,578		36,227,046
Other local sources		6,518,287	294,798		16,382,407		23,195,492
Total Revenues		276,022,290	294,798		37,888,615		314,205,703
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction		172,708,283	-		3,298,352		176,006,635
Instruction-related services							
Instructional supervision and administration		10,832,042	-		485,570		11,317,612
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,721,224	-		-		1,721,224
School site administration		16,479,952	-		341,575		16,821,527
Pupil services							
Home-to-school transportation		6,060,089	-		-		6,060,089
Food services		2,847,143	-		12,749,589		15,596,732
All other pupil services		15,789,824	-		-		15,789,824
General administration							
Centralized data processing		2,223,219	-		-		2,223,219
All other general administration		20,135,035	-		182,438		20,317,473
Plant services		30,686,301	-		5,140,168		35,826,469
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		1,019,876	3,091,953		5,119,319		9,231,148
Ancillary services		1,518,336	-		-		1,518,336
Enterprise activities		68	-		-		68
Transfers to other agencies		131,617	-		-		131,617
Debt service							
Principal		1,650,000	-		13,375,000		15,025,000
Interest and other		929,000	-		1,158,088		2,087,088
Total Expenditures		284,732,009	3,091,953		41,850,099		329,674,061
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(8,709,719)	(2,797,155	)	(3,961,484)		(15,468,358)
Fund Balance - Beginning		60,700,559	19,592,230		13,709,466		94,002,255
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	51,990,840	\$ 16,795,075	\$	9,747,982	\$	78,533,897

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (15,468,358)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:
Depreciation expense:

10,163,395

(11,705,709)

(1,542,314)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

15,025,000

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(109,123)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

20,650

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(2,189,164)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

294,744

(continued on next page)

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

1,621,610

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(5,802,431)

#### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

1,060,041

#### Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

74,474

#### Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (7,014,871)

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	
	Internal Service	
	Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 14,802,740	
Accounts receivable	70,732	
Prepaid expenses	1,620	
Total current assets	14,875,092	
Total Assets	14,875,092	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accrued liabilities	14,764,893	
Total current liabilities	14,764,893	
Non-current liabilities	10,096,430	
Total Liabilities	24,861,323	
NET POSITION		
Restricted	(9,986,231)	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ (9,986,231)	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental		
	Activities Internal Service		
	Fund		
OPERATING REVENUE			
Charges for services	\$	7,948,286	
Other local revenues		34,426	
Total operating revenues		7,982,712	
OPERATING EXPENSE			
Salaries and benefits		327,877	
Supplies and materials		12,422	
Professional services		7,777,054	
Total operating expenses		8,117,353	
Operating income/(loss)		(134,641)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)			
Interest income		209,115	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		209,115	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		74,474	
Net Position - Beginning		(10,060,705)	
Net Position - Ending	\$	(9,986,231)	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	G	Governmental Activities		
	In	Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to				
(from) other funds	\$	7,995,731		
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(12,096,018)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(4,100,287)		
Cash flows from investing activities		_		
Interest received		209,115		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		209,115		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3,891,172)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		18,693,912		
End of year	\$	14,802,740		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(134,641)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		14,639		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(1,620)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		14,538,749		
Increase (decrease) in non-current liabilities	<u></u>	(18,517,414)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(4,100,287)		

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Trust Fund Private-Purpose		Agency Funds			
			Warrant/Pass-		Student Body	
	Tru	ast Fund	thr	ough Fund		Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	86,673	\$	-	\$	35,535
Accounts receivable		328		397,265		-
Prepaid expenses		-		4,033,119		-
Total Assets		87,001	\$	4,430,384	\$	35,535
LIABILITIES						
Deficit cash		-	\$	4,430,384	\$	-
Due to student groups		-		-		35,535
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		-	\$	4,430,384	\$	35,535
NET POSITION						
Restricted		87,001				
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	87,001				

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Tru	Trust Fund Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
	Priva			
	Tru			
ADDITIONS				
Investment earnings	\$	1,344		
<b>Total Additions</b>		1,344		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,344		
<b>Net Position - Beginning</b>		85,657		
Net Position - Ending	\$	87,001		

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Compton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Adult Education Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### Special Revenue Funds (continued)

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 *et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

**Deferred Maintenance Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Capital Facilities Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for state apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacing of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (*Education Code* Section 17000 et seq.).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### Capital Project Funds (continued):

**County School Facilities Fund:** This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

**Tax Override Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund repayments) to be financed from ad valorem tax levies. An example is a public school building loan repayment.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Internal Service Funds:** Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

**Self-Insurance Fund:** Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

**Trust and Agency Funds:** Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

**Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code Section* 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

**Student Body Fund:** The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

**Warrant/Pass-Through Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, transfers to credit unions, and other contributions.

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$15,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

#### **Asset Class**

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

#### **Estimated Useful Life**

20-50 years 5-20 years 8 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Measurement Period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

# Fund Balance (continued)

*Unassigned* - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# I. <u>Property Tax</u>

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

# J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 75 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This standard's primary objective is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 85 – In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This standard's primary objective is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 85 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 88** – In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. This standard's primary objective is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The District has not determined the impact on the financial statements.

### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

# A. Summary of Cash and Investments

						Total	
	G	overnmental	In	ternal Service	G	overnmental	Fiduciary
		Funds		Funds		Activities	 Funds
Investment in county treasury	\$	124,737,917	\$	13,952,740	\$	138,690,657	\$ 86,673
Cash on hand and in banks		-		-		-	35,535
Cash with fiscal agent		100,000		850,000		950,000	-
Cash in revolving fund		150,000		-		150,000	<u> </u>
Total cash and investments	\$	124,987,917	\$	14,802,740	\$	139,790,657	\$ 122,208

# B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Cash with Fiscal Agent** – Cash with fiscal agent consists of \$950,000 held with Union Bank for workers' compensation.

# NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

# C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

# D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$136,918,328 and an amortized book value of \$138,777,330. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 609 days.

# E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2018, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

# F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2018, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

# G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Uı	ncategorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	136,918,328
Total fair market value of investments	\$	136,918,328

# NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

					C	Non-Major Governmental	Int	ernal Service	G	Total overnmental		
	G	eneral Fund	Bui	lding Fund		Funds		Funds		Activities	Tot	al Fiduciary
Federal Government												
Categorical aid	\$	12,727,904	\$	-	\$	96,369	\$	-	\$	12,824,273	\$	-
State Government												
Categorical aid		576,736		-		325,579		-		902,315		-
Lottery		920,115		-		-		-		920,115		-
Local Government												
Other local sources		2,379,745		97,821		253,987		70,732		2,802,285		397,593
Total	\$	16,604,500	\$	97,821	\$	675,935	\$	70,732	\$	17,448,988	\$	397,593

# **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	J	uly 01, 2017	Additions	Deletions			June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities							_
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	6,693,026	\$ 1,801,750	\$	-	\$	8,494,776
Construction in progress		208,944	1,290,208		-		1,499,152
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		6,901,970	3,091,958		-		9,993,928
Capital assets being depreciated	'						_
Land improvements		34,686,782	4,695,955		-		39,382,737
Buildings & improvements		420,476,747	1,443,239		-		421,919,986
Furniture & equipment		22,005,818	932,243		-		22,938,061
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		477,169,347	7,071,437		-		484,240,784
Less Accumulated Depreciation							_
Land improvements		6,167,657	1,698,398		-		7,866,055
Buildings & improvements		136,432,166	9,592,223		-		146,024,389
Furniture & equipment		20,757,279	415,088		-		21,172,367
Total Accumulated Depreciation		163,357,102	11,705,709		-		175,062,811
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	320,714,215	\$ (1,542,314)	\$	-	9	319,171,901

# **NOTE 5 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major						Total
					G	overnmental	In	ternal Service			G	overnmental
	G	eneral Fund	Build	ling Fund		Funds		Funds	Dis	strict-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	30,038,430	\$	-	\$	1,088,055	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,126,485
Construction		-		73		1,449,971		-		-		1,450,044
Vendors payable		29,864,707		-		405,359		-		-		30,270,066
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		-		153,274		153,274
Other liabilities		-		-		-		14,764,893		-		14,764,893
Total	\$	59,903,137	\$	73	\$	2,943,385	\$	14,764,893	\$	153,274	\$	77,764,762

# **NOTE 6 – CLAIMS LIABILITY**

The District is self-insured for Workers' Compensation. At June 30, 2018, the District maintained a reserve of \$10,096,430 to pay future claims. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$14,875,092 in assets available to pay claims.

# **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major		Total		
			(	Governmental	(	Governmental		
	General Fund			Funds	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	200,770	\$	5,613	\$	206,383		
State categorical sources		847,272		1,133,804		1,981,076		
Total	\$	1,048,042	\$	1,139,417	\$	2,187,459		

### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

		Restated							
		Balance					Balance		Balance Due
	Jı	July 01, 2017		Additions	Deductions		June 30, 2018		In One Year
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	53,392,411	\$	-	\$ 10,222,247	\$	43,170,164	\$	9,915,669
Unamortized premium		5,610,754		-	827,002		4,783,752		827,002
Unamortized discount		(145,703)		-	(9,714)		(135,989)		(9,714)
Accreted interest		18,456,007		2,189,164	3,152,753		17,492,418		3,434,331
Total general obligation bonds		77,313,469		2,189,164	14,192,288		65,310,345		14,167,288
Certificates of participation		18,910,000		-	1,650,000		17,260,000		1,725,000
Unamortized premium		2,427,533		-	242,753		2,184,780		242,753
Total certificates of participation		21,337,533		-	1,892,753		19,444,780		1,967,753
Compensated absences		2,047,288		-	294,744		1,752,544		-
Total OPEB liability		56,050,003		-	246,980		55,803,023		-
Net pension liability		235,970,403		18,642,162			254,612,565		
Total	\$	392,718,696	\$	20,831,326	\$ 16,626,765	\$	396,923,257	\$	16,135,041

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments on certificates of participation are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

# A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$1,752,544. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

# B. Certificates of Participation

On June 1, 2007, the District issued Series B Certificates of Participation to \$25,000,000 payable in annual installments from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2027. Interest rates range from 3.6 to 5.0 percent, payable beginning December 1, 2007. The agreement is between the District and the County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Bank of New York as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund shall be applied to finance the modernization and rehabilitation of approximately 28 different schools on sites within the boundaries of Compton Unified School District.

In April 2015, the District issued \$20,135,000 in Certificates of Participation to refund on a current basis all outstanding 2004 Certificates of Participation amounting to \$6,535,000, and partially refund on an advance basis \$15,305,000 of outstanding 2007 Certificates of Participation. Deferred charges on refunding of \$646,952 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$1,505,796 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,222,771. As of June 30, 2018, the principal balance outstanding amounted to \$17,260,000.

### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

# B. Certificates of Participation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2019	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 863,000	\$	2,588,000		
2020	1,805,000	776,750		2,581,750		
2021	1,895,000	686,500		2,581,500		
2022	1,990,000	591,750		2,581,750		
2023	2,080,000	492,250		2,572,250		
2024 - 2027	7,765,000	915,000		8,680,000		
Total	\$ 17,260,000	\$ 4,325,250	\$	21,585,250		

# C. General Obligation Bonds

In June 2006, the District issued \$19,999,970 in General Obligation Series C Bonds and \$50,789,740 in General Obligation Series D Bonds to finance the acquisition and improvement of various capital facilities of the District, advance refund on a current basis all outstanding Certificates of Participation Series B amounting to \$19,380,000, and partially refund \$34,445,000 of outstanding 2002 Series A general obligation bonds and \$14,955,000 of outstanding 2002 Series B general obligation bonds.

In March 2015, the District issued \$5,505,000 of Series E refunding bonds to advance refund a portion of the Series C bonds. Deferred charges on refunding of \$347,281 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$999,276 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$811,455. Deferred charges on refunding of \$285,997 remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2018, the principal balance outstanding on the defeased debt amounted to \$0.

On October 26, 2016, the District issued 2002 Election, 2016 Series F General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$7,785,000. The bonds were issued to current refund and defease all of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, 2002 Election, 2006 Series C and to pay costs of issuance. The bonds accrue interest between 2% and 5.5% per annum from the date of the issuance and are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year through June 2031. Deferred charges on refunding of \$218,551 remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2018, the principal balance outstanding on the defeased debt amounted to \$0.

On November 3, 2015, the voters authorized the District to issue and sale \$350,000,000 in principal amount of general obligation bonds to finance the acquisition and improvement of various capital facilities of the District. On October 26, 2016, the District issued 2015 Election, Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000. The bonds accrue interest between 2% and 5% per annum from the date of the issuance and are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year through June 2020.

# NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

# C. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters. The annual requirements to amortize outstanding general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 9,915,669	\$ 4,410,619	\$ 14,326,288
2020	7,185,220	4,504,868	11,690,088
2021	3,841,583	4,645,055	8,486,638
2022	3,667,725	4,867,613	8,535,338
2023	1,460,902	2,423,136	3,884,038
2024 - 2028	7,734,065	11,234,682	18,968,747
2029 - 2031	9,365,000	883,300	10,248,300
Accretion	 17,492,418	(17,492,418)	-
Total	\$ 60,662,582	\$ 15,476,855	\$ 76,139,437

# D. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's restated beginning total OPEB liability was \$56,050,003 and decreased by \$246,980 during the year ended June 30, 2018. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was \$55,803,023. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

# E. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$235,970,403 and decreased by \$18,462,162 during the year ended June 30, 2018. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2018 was \$254,612,565. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

# **NOTE 9- FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2018:

					Non-Major overnmental	Go	Total overnmental
	Ge	eneral Fund	Bu	ilding Fund	Funds		Funds
Non-spendable							
Revolving cash	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	150,000
Stores inventory		193,717		-	64,882		258,599
Prepaid expenditures		908,079		-	35,100		943,179
All others		956,327		-	-		956,327
Total non-spendable		2,208,123		-	99,982		2,308,105
Restricted							
Educational programs		11,007,688		-	622,850		11,630,538
Capital projects		-		16,795,075	4,877,110		21,672,185
Debt service		-		-	1,445,617		1,445,617
All others		-		-	55,205		55,205
Total restricted		11,007,688		16,795,075	7,000,782		34,803,545
Committed							
Other commitments		-		-	2,647,218		2,647,218
Total committed		-		-	2,647,218		2,647,218
Assigned							
Reserved for future obligations		28,492,216		-	-		28,492,216
Total assigned	•	28,492,216		-	-		28,492,216
Unassigned							
Reserve for economic uncertainties		10,282,813		-	-		10,282,813
Total unassigned		10,282,813		-	-		10,282,813
Total	\$	51,990,840	\$	16,795,075	\$ 9,747,982	\$	78,533,897

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

### NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

# A. Plan Description

The Compton Unified School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Compton Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the district.

# B. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan as follows.

Effective November 1, 2011, the District provides continuation under PEMHCA to all of its retirees (except Teamsters). CEA (Certificated) retirees have participated in PEMHCA since November 1, 1992, and the minimum District contribution on their behalf, under the Unequal Contribution Method, is now 100% of the statutory minimum for active employees (\$128 per months for calendar 2017, \$133 per month for calendar year 2018, \$136 per month for calendar year 2019, and indexed with Medical CPI thereafter).

For Classified groups entering PEMHCA as of November 1, 2011, the minimum District contribution is subject to the Unequal Contribution Method based on the effective date of the groups' participation in PEMHCA as shown in the table below. The percentage of the statutory minimum for these retirees will increase by 5% per year until it reaches 100% in the year 2031. The statutory minimum itself is increased each year by medical inflation, which has recently averaged about 4% per year. Benefits are paid for the lifetime of the retiree as long as he or she continues to participate in PEMHCA. The District also pays an administrative fee of 0.32% of premium on behalf of all active employees and retirees.

CSEA, SEIU and CFPSE (now Teamsters) retirees who retire after age 60 with at least 20 years of service or after age 55 with at least 30 years of service are offered a 50% District contribution towards the purchase of medical, dental and vision insurance for the retiree only. After the retiree reaches age 65, the District will continue a Medicare Supplement benefit in the amount of \$500 per year to eligible retirees until age 68. This amount is subject to the PEMHCA minimum required contribution.

CEA retirees who retire between the ages of 55 and 65 with at least 11 years of service are eligible for an early retirement incentive program that pays 50% of group health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums until age 65. ROP teachers are not eligible for the early retirement incentive program.

There is a Retirement Incentive of \$1,388 per year paid to Certificated retirees. Because this program is not related to health insurance and is not within the scope of GASB 75, it has not been considered in this report, and should not be counted as an employer contribution towards OPEB in the District's financial reporting.

# C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Compton Unified School District are established and may be amended by the Compton Unified School District and the local Teachers' Association and the local California Service Employees Association. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

# NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

# D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of
	participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	351
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	2,301
Total number of participants**	2,652

<sup>\*</sup>Information not provided

# E. Total OPEB Liability

The Compton Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$55,803,023 was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

# F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

# **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount Rate	3.40%

# Non-economic assumptions:

*Mortality:* 

Certificated Most recent rates used by CalSTRS Classified Most recent rates used by CalPERS

Retirement rates:

Certificated CalSTRS Retirement Rates Table

Classified CalPERS Retirement Rates for School Employees Table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of plan experience.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of the June 30, 2017 valuation date

# NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

# G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	3,414,597
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,683,118
Changes of benefit terms		(815,657)
Changes of assumptions		(4,529,038)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(246,980)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		56,050,003
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	55,803,023
Covered payroll	\$	132,662,000
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of		
covered payroll		42%

The Compton Unified School District has invoked Paragraph 244 of GASB Statement 75 for the transition due to cost constraints. Consequently, in order to determine the beginning total OPEB liability, a "roll-back" technique has been used.

# H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Compton Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.40 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.40 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Valuation						
	1% Decrease			<b>Discount Rate</b>		1% Increase	
(2.4%)		(2.4%)	(3.4%)		(4.4%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	64,429,718	\$	55,803,023	\$	48,715,009	

# I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Compton Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (4.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Valuation Trend						
	19	% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
		(4.0%)		(5.0%)		(6.0%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	47,355,617	\$	55,803,023	\$	66,464,138	

# NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

# J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Compton Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$246,980. At June 30, 2018, the Compton Unified School District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in assumptions District contributions subsequent	\$	-	\$	3,882,033	
to the measurement date		1,374,630		-	
	\$	1,374,630	\$	3,882,033	

The \$1,374,630 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Inflows			
Year Ended June 30,	0	f Resources		
2019	\$	647,005		
2020		647,005		
2021		647,005		
2022		647,005		
2023		647,005		
2024		647,008		
	\$	3,882,033		

Prior periods of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources were not restated due to the fact that prior valuations were not rerun in accordance with Paragraph 244 of GASB Statement 75. It was determined the time and expense necessary to rerun prior valuations and to restate prior financial statements was not justified. In the future, gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability will be recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

				Deferred	Def	erred inflows		
	N	Net pension	out	flows related		related to		
		liabilit <del>y</del>	t	o pensions		pensions	Pen	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	183,615,185	\$	74,965,618	\$	53,346,474	\$	17,026,100
PERS Pension		70,997,380		23,017,745		7,226,223		11,047,733
Total	\$	254,612,565	\$	97,983,363	\$	60,572,697	\$	28,073,833

# A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

# Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

# **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

# A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 9.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2018, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2018 was 14.43% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$15,922,435 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$8,833,553 to CalSTRS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 183,615,185
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	108,626,078
Total	\$ 292,241,263

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.199 percent, which was a decrease of 0.016 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

# NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

# A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,026,100. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,122,060 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources		of Resources		
Differences between projected and					
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	4,890,184	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		679,027		3,202,544	
Changes in assumptions		34,016,858		-	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		24,347,298		45,253,746	
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		15,922,435		-	
	\$	74,965,618	\$	53,346,474	

The \$15,922,435 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		Def	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	0	f Resources	0	f Resources
2019	\$	11,869,471	\$	12,323,672
2020		11,869,471		5,177,660
2021		11,869,471		7,815,440
2022		11,869,473		12,606,600
2023		5,782,647		7,880,811
2024		5,782,650		7,542,291
	\$	59,043,183	\$	53,346,474

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

# A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010–June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed	Long-Term
Asset Class	Asset	<b>Expected Real</b>
	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Absolute Return/Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
	100%	

<sup>\*20-</sup>year geometric average

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

# A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	D	iscount Rate	Increase
	(6.10%)		(7.10%)	(8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	_		_	 
the net pension liability	\$ 269,605,385	\$	183,615,185	\$ 113,828,311

# **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

# B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

# **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

### **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

### **Contributions**

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 6.5% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2018 was 15.531% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$6,348,967 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$70,997,380 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.297 percent, which was a decrease of 0.018 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

# NOTE 11- PENSION PLANS (continued)

# B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$11,047,733. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows	
	o	f Resources	of Resources		
Differences between projected and					
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	2,456,024	\$	-	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		2,543,543		-	
Changes in assumptions		10,370,284		835,906	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		1,298,927		6,390,317	
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date	6,348,967				
	\$	23,017,745	\$	7,226,223	

The \$6,348,967 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows	
Year Ended June 30,	o	f Resources	of Resources		
2019	\$	6,167,207	\$	4,710,374	
2020		6,960,514		1,700,335	
2021		4,885,975		815,514	
2022		(1,344,918)		-	
	\$	16,668,778	\$	7,226,223	

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

# B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

# B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	<b>Assumed Asset</b>	Real Return	<b>Real Return</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	47.0%	4.90%	5.38%
Fixed Income	19.0%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Assets	6.0%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.0%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.40%	-0.90%
	100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.50% used for this period.

# **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%	
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase	
	 (6.15%)		(7.15%)	 (8.15%)	
District's proportionate share of	 _			 	
the net pension liability	\$ 104,459,897	\$	70,997,380	\$ 43,237,420	

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 3.00% used for this period.

### **NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

# A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2018.

# B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2018.

# C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had no commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

# NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs); the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SCR), and the Schools' Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

# NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

# A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2018, the deferred amount on refunding was \$1,151,500.

# B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2018, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$97,983,363 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$60,572,697.

# C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2018, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,374,630 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$3,882,033.

### **NOTE 15 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

The beginning net position of Governmental Activities has been restated in order to record the District's total OPEB liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The effect on beginning net position is presented as follows:

	G	vernmentai
		Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	81,055,516
Restatement due to OPEB		(37,246,416)
Restatement from Self-Insurance Fund		(10,096,430)
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$	33,712,670

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual*	Variances -		
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Final to Actual		
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	226,006,989 \$	225,893,458	\$ 219,714,976	\$ (6,178,482)		
Federal sources		21,575,416	23,586,001	23,528,642	(57,359)		
Other state sources		24,143,331	21,704,340	29,927,468	8,223,128		
Other local sources		1,345,000	3,005,709	6,518,287	3,512,578		
Total Revenues		273,070,736	274,189,508	279,689,373	5,499,865		
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries		119,692,219	120,694,332	112,677,522	8,016,810		
Classified salaries		42,276,259	34,475,965	39,027,390	(4,551,425)		
Employee benefits		49,415,428	42,025,550	58,425,221	(16,399,671)		
Books and supplies		10,297,233	17,417,933	19,197,039	(1,779,106)		
Services and other operating expenditures		46,047,500	51,490,916	51,236,890	254,026		
Capital outlay		1,840,033	1,755,799	1,639,768	116,031		
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		2,441,185	2,599,305	2,710,617	(111,312)		
Transfers of indirect costs		(800,949)	(22,165)	(182,438)	160,273		
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		271,208,908	270,437,635	284,732,009	(14,294,374)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	•						
Over Expenditures		1,861,828	3,751,873	(5,042,636)	(8,794,509)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(3,667,083)	(3,667,083)	(3,667,083)			
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,667,083)	(3,667,083)	(3,667,083)	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,805,255)	84,790	(8,709,719)	(8,794,509)		
Fund Balance - Beginning		60,700,559	60,700,559	60,700,559	-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	58,895,304 \$	60,785,349	\$ 51,990,840	\$ (8,794,509)		

<sup>\*</sup> Audit adjustments are not included in this schedule.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	3,414,597
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,683,118
Changes of benefit terms		(815,657)
Changes of assumptions		(4,529,038)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(246,980)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		56,050,003
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	55,803,023
Covered payroll	\$	132,662,000
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of		
covered payroll		42%

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	J1	une 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		<u>J</u>	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.199%		0.215%		0.276%		0.220%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	183,615,185	\$	173,838,458	\$	186,073,187	\$	128,276,966
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		108,626,078		98,977,703		98,411,941		77,459,171
Total	\$	292,241,263	\$	272,816,161	\$	284,485,128	\$	205,736,137
District's covered payroll	\$	106,263,179	\$	111,062,465	\$	113,774,202	\$	97,771,818
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		172.8%		156.5%		163.5%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Ju	ne 30, 2018	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016		Ju	ine 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.297%		0.315%	0.340%		0.405%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	70,997,380	\$	62,131,945	\$ 50,161,465	\$	45,984,025
District's covered payroll	\$	42,733,687	\$	42,944,375	\$ 42,326,807	\$	42,521,063
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		166.1%		144.7%	118.5%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.9%		73.9%	79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	June 30, 2018		Jı	ıne 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	15,922,435	\$	11,699,892	\$	11,666,292	\$	12,531,812
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(15,922,435)		(11,699,892)		(11,666,292)		(12,531,812)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	114,084,710	\$	106,263,179	\$	111,062,465	\$	113,774,202
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.96%		11.01%		10.50%		11.01%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Ju	June 30, 2018		ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	6,348,967	\$	5,543,200	\$	4,966,156	\$	5,292,672	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(6,348,967)		(5,543,200)		(4,966,156)		(5,292,672)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	44,717,548	\$	42,733,687	\$	42,944,375	\$	42,326,807	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.20%		12.97%		11.56%		12.50%	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

# Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

# Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

# **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

# **Changes in Assumptions**

The CalSTRS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.60 percent to 7.10 percent since the previous valuation. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent since the previous valuation.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

# NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

# **Schedule of District Contributions**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

# NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.

	Expenditures and Other Uses					
		Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund	·					
Classified salaries	\$	34,475,965	\$	39,027,390	\$	4,551,425
Employee benefits	\$	42,025,550	\$	58,425,221	\$	16,399,671
Books and supplies	\$	17,417,933	\$	19,197,039	\$	1,779,106
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$	2,599,305	\$	2,710,617	\$	111,312

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected [1]	84.010	14329	\$ 15,400,233
Adult Education			
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL	84.002A	14508	5,613
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	75,120
Subtotal Adult Education			80,733
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality [1]	84.367	14341	1,971,680
Title III			
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	518,170
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	72,931
Subtotal Title III			591,101
Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transitions Partnership Program	84.126	10006	131,618
Special Education Cluster [1]			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	3,695,615
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	404,400
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	154,992
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Section 611 (AGE 3-4-5)	84.027A	13682	161,462
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	2,000
IDEA Quality Assurance & Focus Monitoring	84.027A	13693	(13,767)
Alternative Dispute Resolution, Part B, Sec 611	84.173A	13007	7,420
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			4,412,122
IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	86,063
Vocational Programs: Voc & Appl Tech Secondary II C, Sec 131 (Carl Perkins Act)	84.048	14893	324,163
Promoting Readiness of Minors	84.418T	*	339,584
Project READ	84.323	*	90,840
Total U. S. Department of Education			23,428,137
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	3,101,005
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	6,775,250
USDA Commodities	10.555	*	801,779
Meal Supplements	10.559	*	247,445
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			10,925,479
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care	10.558	13393	479,300
NSLP Equipment Assistance Grants	10.579	14906	54,035
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			11,458,814
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	97,627
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			97,627
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 34,984,578

<sup>[1] -</sup> Major Program

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{^{*}}}$  - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
	<c3306a47></c3306a47>	<532536C2>
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	6,877.83	7,133.42
Extended Year Special Education	45.17	0.11
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	4.09	3.80
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.46	0.44
Total TK/K through Third	6,927.55	7,137.77
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	5,418.39	5,425.56
Extended Year Special Education	25.06	5.26
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	11.47	11.57
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.51	1.45
Total Fourth through Sixth	5,456.43	5,443.84
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	3,244.15	3,266.04
Extended Year Special Education	35.59	5.22
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	14.32	14.16
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.94	1.86
Community Day School	0.59	0.58
Total Seventh through Eighth	3,296.59	3,287.86
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	5,065.59	5,045.74
Extended Year Special Education	203.60	18.04
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	37.56	36.26
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	7.74	7.40
Community Day School	2.05	2.08
Total Ninth through Twelfth	5,316.54	5,109.52
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	20,997.11	20,978.99

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2017-18					
	Minutes	Actual	Number		
<b>Grade Level</b>	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status	
Kindergarten	36,000	63,180	180	Complied	
Grade 1	50,400	63,180	180	Complied	
Grade 2	50,400	63,180	180	Complied	
Grade 3	50,400	63,180	180	Complied	
Grade 4	54,000	63,180	180	Complied	
Grade 5	54,000	63,180	180	Complied	
Grade 6	54,000	65,925	180	Complied	
Grade 7	54,000	65,925	180	Complied	
Grade 8	54,000	65,925	180	Complied	
Grade 9	64,800	66,195	180	Complied	
Grade 10	64,800	66,195	180	Complied	
Grade 11	64,800	66,195	180	Complied	
Grade 12	64,800	66,195	180	Complied	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2	019 (Budget)	2018	2017	2016
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	285,316,089	\$ 279,689,373	\$ 268,498,988	\$ 294,677,302
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		287,947,667	288,399,092	268,602,663	269,182,591
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,631,578)	\$ (8,709,719)	\$ (103,675)	\$ 25,494,711
Ending Fund Balance	\$	49,359,262	\$ 51,990,840	\$ 59,183,678	\$ 5,928,733
Available Reserves*	\$	10,385,641	\$ 10,282,813	\$ 8,326,683	\$ 8,075,478
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		3.61%	3.57%	3.10%	3.00%
Long-term Debt	\$	380,788,216	\$ 396,923,257	\$ 359,354,313	\$ 347,812,669
Average Daily					
Attendance At P-2		20,997	20,997	21,054	21,663

The General Fund balance has increased by \$46,062,107 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2018-19 budget projects a decrease of \$2,631,578. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2018-19 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$49,110,588 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 666 ADA over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Audit adjustments for 2018 are not included in this schedule.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2018

The Compton Unified School District was established on July 1, 1970 and is comprised of an area of approximately 30 square miles located in Los Angeles County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operating 21 elementary schools, 7 middle schools, 3 high schools, one early college high school, one adult school, and three alternative schools.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

GO VERIMING BOTTED					
Member	Office	Term Expires			
Micah Ali	President	2019			
Satra Zurita	Vice President	2021			
Margie Garrett	Clerk	2021			
Sandra Moss	Member	2019			
Mae P. Thomas	Member	2021			
Charles Davis	Member	2019			
Alma Pleasant	Legislative Representative	2021			

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Darin Brawley, Ed.D., Superintendent

Alejandro Alvarez, Ed.D., Deputy Superintendent/CAO

William Wu, JD, Chief of School Police

Kanika White, Ed.D., Assistant Superintendent - Human Resources

Mario Marcos., Assistant Superintendent - Educational Services

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Included in
Charter #	Charter School	Status	Audit Report
1772	Today's Fresh Start - Compton	Active	No
1827	Celerity Achernar Charter	Active	No
0963	Lifeline Education Charter	Active	No
1996	KIPP Compton Community School	Active	No
1990	Animo Compton Charter	Active	No
1952	Ingenium Clarion Charter Middle School	Active	No
1953	Ingenium Wings Independent Study - Compton	Active	No

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2018 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2018.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 35,068,189
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	(83,611)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$34,984,578

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2018, the District had not yet met its target funding.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2018.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Christy White, CPA

Michael D. Ash, CPA

John Whitehouse, CPA

**Heather Daud Rubio** 

SAN DIEGO
LOS ANGELES
SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Compton Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 14, 2018

Christy White Associates



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Compton Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Compton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Compton Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance.

Christy White, CPA

Michael D. Ash, CPA

John Whitehouse, CPA

**Heather Daud Rubio** 

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State Board of Accountance

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Compton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 14, 2018

Christy White Associates



#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2017-2018 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Compton Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, as identified below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Compton Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2017-2018 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

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#### Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Findings #2018-001, #2018-002 and #2018-003. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Compton Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Compton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Procedures Performed**

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Compton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	<b>PROCEDURES</b>
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes

(continued on the following page)

#### Procedures Performed (continued)

	<b>PROCEDURES</b>
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because the ADA was below the threshold required for testing.

Christy White Associates
San Diego, California
December 14, 2018

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting	<del>2.</del>		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported		
Non-compliance material to financial st	atements noted?	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS  Internal control over major program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		None Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516 Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	No	
84.010	Title I, Part A	_	
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A	Special Education Cluster	_	
84.367	Title II, Part A	_	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet	ween Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 1,025,484	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	
STATE AWARDS  Internal control over state programs:  Material weaknesses identified?		No	
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		Yes	
Type of auditors' report issued on comp	1	T.I. 1:C: 1	
1) pe of additions report issued on comp	liance for state programs:	Unmodified	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### **FIVE DIGIT CODE**

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

20000 30000 Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

<b>FIVE DIGIT CODE</b>	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

#### FINDING #2018-001: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000)

**Criteria:** School Accountability Report Cards (SARCs), prepared on annual basis for each school site within the District and posted in February, should contain information regarding school facilities conditions, as indicated in the most recently prepared Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) form developed by the Office of Public School Construction and approved by the State Allocation Board, or local evaluation instruments that meet the same criteria, as per Education Code Sections 33126(b)(8) and 17002(d). All schools are required to prepare a SARC during their first year and last year of operation under *EC* Section 35256(c).

**Condition:** During testing of a representative sample of SARCs published in 2017-18 reporting information pertaining to 2016-17, we found the information reported under the School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (Most Recent Year) section did not present accurate information from the Facility Inspection Tool forms provided. For the SARC information to be timely and accurate, the facilities inspection data should come from FIT forms prepared in the current fiscal year.

Additionally, we noted inconsistencies between complaints related to teacher misassignments or vacancies reported on the Williams Quarterly Complaint reports and the SARCs. Inspection dates reported in the SARC did not correspond to the inspection date stated on the Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) forms provide for eight (8) school sites:

- 1. Bursch Elementary School
- 2. Clinton Elementary School
- 3. Foster Elementary School
- 4. Kelly Elementary School
- 5. Mayo Elementary School
- 6. Bunche Middle School
- 7. Roosevelt Middle School
- 8. Centennial High School

Cause: Oversight.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable for SARC findings.

#### FINDING #2018-001: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000) (continued)

**Perspective:** Eight (8) of eight (8) school sites did not accurately report school facility conditions.

**Effect:** The 2016-17 School Accountability Report Card published and tested in 2017-18 reported inaccurate information reported for school facility conditions and complaints related to teacher vacancies and misassignments.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District implement a process to ensure all SARCs are prepared, and all information presented on the SARCs is contemporaneous and complete.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The Chief Facility Officer (CFO) will ensure that FIT reports are accurate. In addition, the CFO will verify the data on SARCs have proper and accurate supporting documents. It is the responsibility of the Facility department staff to complete FIT forms accurately for all schools. It is not the responsibility of the Los Angeles County Office of Education to conduct facility review for all district schools.

Accurate teacher misassignments on the William Quarterly Complaint reports rests with the Human Resources department. The Senior Director, HRS will create an internal process of reviewing the supporting documents and reports before publication.

#### FINDING #2018-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as English Learners (EL) or Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the classification. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: Nine (9) of sixty (60) students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) only did not have documentation for their classification. Four (4) of sixty (60) students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) and English Learners did not have documentation for either classification. This error rate was extrapolated over the only FRPM and FRPM and EL population of 1,716 students, for a total of 197 ineligible students.

Cause: District did not maintain household income verification or lunch applications for these students.

**Effect:** The District is not in compliance with state requirements.

**Context:** Based on the extrapolation of error, 197 of 1,716 students reported in the District's Unduplicated Pupil Count did not have proper supporting documentation to support their FRPM and/or EL designation.

# FINDING #2018-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Questioned Cost: \$150,820 as follows:

UPP Audi	t Adjustment				
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2				65,428
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2				59,021
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment				-
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count				(197)
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment				65,428
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count				58,824
7	UPP calculated as of P-2				0.9021
8	Revised UPP for audit finding				0.8991
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap				
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap	0.8991			0.8991
LCFF Targ	get Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment	TK/K-3	4-6	7-8	9–12
10	Supplemental and Concentration Grant ADA	7,626.34	5,475.78	3,266.05	4,704.98
11	Adjusted Base Grant per ADA	\$7,941	\$7,301	\$7,518	\$8,939
12	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2		\$30,157,458		
13	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding			\$3	30,057,168
14	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment				(\$100,290)
LCFF Targ	get Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment				
15	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2			\$2	29,427,008
16	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding			\$2	29,176,280
17	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment				(\$250,728)
Estimated	Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded at	t LCFF Tar	get		
18	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	ustment (\$351,018)			
Estimated	Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded or	n LCFF Flo	oor and Ga	p	
19	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2			0.4	296644273
20	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment				(\$150,820)

**Recommendation:** We recommend implementation of internal controls to ensure accuracy over CALPADS reporting.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The district will ensure that all responsible departments for the unduplicated pupil counts coordinate with each other. This will ensure proper maintenance of supporting documents affecting students classified as EL, or Free or Reduced Meal and Forster Youth in the CALPADS.

#### FINDING #2018-003: AFTER SCHOOL EDUCATION & SAFETY (ASES) PROGRAM (40000)

**Criteria:** After school programs participating in the ASES program are required to submit student outcome data to the California Department of Education which includes measurable student outcomes including attendance. As a result, ASES 2017-18 1st Half After School Base Attendance Report (covering the period of August to December 2017) was reviewed along with supporting documentation for each school site in order to determine whether the reported number of students served is supported by written records maintained.

**Condition:** Three (3) of twenty-eight (28) school sites selected for ASES testing did not agree to the number of students served reported to the CDE and reported on ASES 2017-18 1st Half After School Base report.

Cause: Reporting errors.

Effect: Errors were made calculating number of students served, per inquiry the report has been revised with the CDE. For the attendance report submitted to the CDE for the 1st Half: After School Base, the District reported a total number of 172,887 students served for the reporting time period of July 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. As a result of our audit procedures, the adjusted amount for the 1st Half: After School Base should be increased to a total of 172,891 students served.

Context: An understatement of 4 students served for the ASES 2017-18 1st Half Base period were noted.

**Questioned Costs:** None. The ASES program funding is not affected as long as the pupil participation level is maintained at 85% of the projected attendance or greater. Since the finding noted a net over reporting of 4 student days of attendance, program attendance did not fall below 85% of the projected attendance; therefore, there is no questioned cost.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the District implement a process to accurately calculate the attendance of the After School Education and Safety (ASES) Program for reporting purposes to the California Department of Education.

Corrective Action Plan: The district has engaged outside consulting firm to handle the ASES program. The firm will ensure the proper maintenance of supporting documents. The consulting firm will be responsible for the ASES program accurate reporting to CDE with district review. In addition, they will ensure that CDE report agrees with the supporting documents.

### COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### FINDING #2017-001: ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB) (30000)

Criteria: Proper internal controls are necessary to ensure the safeguard over the Associated Student Body (ASB) assets. Maintaining sound internal control procedures over cash receipts, cash disbursements, bank reconciliations and minutes of council meetings reduces the opportunity for irregularities to go undetected. The Fiscal Crisis & Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) Associated Student Body Accounting Manual & Desk Reference outlines proper internal control procedures for associated student body accounts to follow.

**Condition:** ASB's were tested to ensure proper internal controls over student funds. Various areas of ASB's financial processes were tested including the cash receipt and disbursement process.

Cause: Lack of training and/or adherence to district policy on ASB accounting.

Effect: Possible misstatement of student body funds.

**Perspective:** Through our testing of the school site ASB accounts, we noted the following internal control deficiencies:

#### Whaley Middle School

Records were not maintained for any cash disbursements or receipts.

#### Dominguez High School

- 10 out of 10 cash receipts tested did not have adequate support to provide a clear audit trail nor did the collections appear to be deposited timely.
  - o No evidence of use of tally sheets, cash receipts, or collection forms
- Bank reconciliations are not prepared or reviewed

**Recommendation:** We recommend the District provide continuing training to the ASB staff and implement and/or reinforce controls over internal control deficiencies noted above. Internal controls should be implemented to minimize the possibility for waste or abuse of ASB resources.

**District Response:** The District had staff changes at various school sites during the 2016-17 school year. The District office staff (DOS) provided one on one training to site staff to help alleviate the repeat finding. In addition, DOS held an ASB workshop on November 17, 2017 for all sites. DOS will do a repeat ASB workshop for all sites some time in February of 2018 to help prevent repeat of auditing findings.

Current Status: Implemented.

#### FINDING #2017-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as English Learners (EL) or Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: 3 of 60 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as English learner (EL) and non-Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) did not have documentation for their classification. This error rate was extrapolated to the entire EL population of 532 students, for a total of 27 ineligible students. 2 of 60 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as only-Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) did not have documentation for their classification. This error rate was extrapolated to the entire only FRPM population of 1,546 students, for a total of 52 ineligible students. This is a grand total of 79 ineligible students.

**Cause:** District did not change the students' designation in a timely manner.

**Effect:** The District is not in compliance with state requirements.

**Context:** It is extrapolated that 79 of 57,512 (18,562 in 2014-15, 19,041 in 2015-16 and 19,909 in 2016-17) students reported in the District's Unduplicated Pupil Count did not have proper supporting documentation to support their FRPM or EL designation.

#### FINDING #2017-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

**Questioned Cost:** \$79,674, as follows:

UPP Audi	t Adjustment				
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	65,680			
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2				57,478
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment				=
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count				(79)
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment				65,680
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count				57,399
7	UPP calculated as of P-2				0.8751
8	Revised UPP for audit finding				0.8739
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap				
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap				0.8739
LCFF Tar	get Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment	TK/K-3	4-6	7-8	9–12
9	Supplemental and Concentration Grant ADA	7,909.81	5,618.67	3,386.83	4,752.14
10	Adjusted Base Grant per ADA	\$7,820	\$7,189	\$7,403	\$8,801
11	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$29,603,516			
12	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$29,562,922			
13	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$40,594)			
LCFF Tar	get Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment	•			
14	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$27,494,296			
15	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$27,392,809			
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$101,487)			
Estimated	l Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded a	t LCFF Tar	get		
18	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	(\$142,081)			
Estimated	Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded o	n LCFF Flo	or and Ga	p	
19	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2	0.5607679980			
20	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment	(\$79,674)			
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				

Recommendation: We recommend implementation of internal controls to ensure accuracy over CALPADS reporting.

**District Response:** The District has a Senior Director, Research, Evaluation and Pupil Records that is now response for the CALPADS. In addition, the Student Nutrition and English Learners departments also are responsible for the accuracy of data. All the three responsible departments will work together for accuracy of reported data. The Senior Director will ensure that the required data in CALPADS are accurate and all required documentation supporting the reported data are readily available for audit purpose and administrative requests.

Current Status: Not Implemented. Refer to Finding #2018-002.

#### FINDING#2017-003: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000)

**Criteria:** School Accountability Report Cards (SARCs), prepared on annual basis for each school site within the District and posted in February, should contain information regarding school facilities conditions, as indicated in the most recently prepared Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) form developed by the Office of Public School Construction and approved by the State Allocation Board, or local evaluation instruments that meet the same criteria, as per Education Code Sections 33126(b)(8) and 17002(d). All schools are required to prepare a SARC during their first year and last year of operation under *EC* Section 35256(c).

Condition: During testing of a representative sample of SARCs published in 2016-17 reporting information pertaining to 2015-16, it was noted that the SARC for Lincoln Elementary School was not prepared and submitted to the CDE. Additionally, we found the information reported under the School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (Most Recent Year) section did not present accurate information from the Facility Inspection Tools provided. For the SARC information to be timely and accurate, the facilities inspection data should come from FIT forms prepared in the current fiscal year. The following discrepancies were noted:

- Inspection dates reported in the SARC did not correspond to the inspection date stated on the Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) provide for six (6) sites. Those schools are Carver Elementary School, King Elementary School, Washington Elementary School, Whaley Middle School, Walton Middle School and Dominguez High School.
- Two (2) of the six (6) SARCs with inaccurate dates did not accurately report updated information from the facility inspection. Those schools are King Elementary School and Dominguez High School.

Cause: Lack of review and oversight.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable for SARC findings.

**Perspective:** One (1) of nine (9) sites did not have a SARC prepared and submitted to the California Department of Education. Six (6) of nine (9) sites did not accurately report school facility conditions.

**Effect:** The 2015-16 School Accountability Report Card published and tested in 2016-17 for Lincoln Elementary School was not prepared and submitted to the CDE. Inaccurate information reported for school facility conditions.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District implement a process to ensure all SARCs are prepared, and all information presented on the SARCs is contemporaneous and complete.

#### FINDING#2017-003: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000), (continued)

**District Response:** The District hired a Chief Facilities Officer (CFO) in 2017-18. Fiscal Services will request a meeting with the CFO to address the auditing finding and ensure that corrective actions are in place. In addition, the meeting is to ascertain that all information in SARC particularly facilities inspection dates agree with all supporting documents.

**Current Status:** Not Implemented. Refer to Finding #2018-001.